Thirtieth Biennial Report

OF THE

Trustees, Superintendent and Treasurer

OF THE

Illinois School for the Blind

At JACKSONVILLE

JULY 1, 1908.



SPRINGFIELD:
ILLINOIS STATE JOURNAL CO., STATE PRINTERS
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MAIN BUILDING.



OFFICERS OF THE SCHOOL.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

CHARLES D. BABB, Homer, President.
GEORGE W. MOORE, Arnold. CHARLES A. HAMMOND, Stockton

OFFICERS AND TEACHERS.

George W. Jones, Superintendent and Secretary.
Mrs. Cook M. Jones, Matron.
Charles S. Black, Treasurer.

Department of Literature.

MRS. LOUISE B. INGLIS, Principal of High School.
ROBERT WOOLSTON, Assistant in High School.
E. H. FILSON, Assistant in High School.
RALPH V. CORDEL, Boys' Seventh and Eighth Grades.
ALICE M. SMITH, Boys' Fifth and Sixth Grades.
LUCIA K. ORR, Boys' Third and Fourth Grades.
MARY E. REED, Girls' Sixth, Seventh and Eighth Grades.
ROBERTA L. DAVIS, Girls' Third Fourth and Fifth Grades.
EMMA RAYNOR, Kindergarten.
LAURA E. JACKSON. Assistant in Kindergarten.
MINNIE COLEY, Typewriting.

Department of Music.

H. H. HEWETT, Musical Director.
Susan A. Draper, Piano.
Mrs. Louise F. Short, Vocal.
George W. Gerlach, Piano.
Anne Jackson, Music Reader and Librarian.
Arthur Jewell. Printer.
Hugh A. Reynolds, Piano Tuning.

Physical Director.

HAROLD G. POWELL.

Manual Training.

Anna S. Lagagren, Josephine Harmon, Louise F. Harrington, Thomas Dower.

H. S. JORDAN, KATHY HALPIN, Boys' Supervisors.

MINNIE COLEY, LULU CHISM, Girls' Supervisors.

L. R. PENFIELD, Storekeeper and Superintendent of Grounds.

THOMAS L. ATKINSON, Bookkeeper.

FRANK S. KAULE, Superintendent of Construction and Repairs.

GEORGE E. BANTER, M. D., Physician.

A. L. ADAMS, M. D., Oculist.





GIRLS' COTTAGE AND HOSPITAL.



REPORT OF TRUSTEES.

To His Excellency, Charles S. Deneen, Governor of Illinois.

SIR—We have the honor to submit our report as trustees of the Illinois School for the Blind, for the biennial period ending June 30, 1908.

It affords great satisfaction to report the school in a prosperous and healthful condition. The officers, teachers and employés have faithfully discharged their duties and the blind children who have come under their care have had the best attention it has been possible to give them.

SUPERINTENDENT FREEMAN'S RESIGNATION.

Supt. Jes. H. Freeman tendered his resignation July 5, 1907, hav-

ing indicated his purpose of doing so some months before.

Mr. Freeman though still vigorous reached an age when he felt entitled to a less active life than was possible in the position and could not be dissuaded from his determination to retire. He had served the school for five years in a very acceptable manner and the board reluctantly acceded to his wishes and accepted his resignation. He is an able financier, a splendid disciplinarian and one of the State's most capable and experienced educators, and his services to the school were highly valued.

Mr. Geo. W. Jones, who had many years experience in the educa-

tion of the blind, was chosen as his successor, July 31, 1907, and as-

sumed the duties of the position a month later.

SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS.

The special appropriations other than for repairs and improvements made by the Forty-third General Assembly have been expended wholly or in part as follows:

BOILER HOUSE IMPROVEMENTS.

The Legislature appropriated \$15,000.00 for improvement of the boiler house and extending the heating system. The boiler house was remodeled and enlarged and four 125-horse boilers were installed. The boilers are the very best on the market and have given good satisfaction. About \$12,000.00 of the appropriation was expended for this purpose and the remainder will be used this summer for construction of tunnels and improving the connection with buildings. Heretofore pipes have been laid in the ground and a great loss of steam has resulted. The expenditure of this fund has contributed greatly to the comfort of the children as it is now possible in the most severe weather to keep any building on the grounds comfortably heated.

NEW HOSPITAL.

The appropriation of \$6,000.00 for a new hospital was regarded as insufficient to erect a building that would be at all satisfactory and after consultation with the secretary of the State Board of Charities and the State architect it was determined to use the money so far as it would go and request the Legislature for an additional sum for the completion of the building. The work of erecting this building is in progress and the portion of it when completed will give room for the care of ten patients. We wish, therefore, to ask for \$8,000.00 to make the building adequate to meet the needs of the school.

HARD WOOD FLOORS.

An appropriation of \$400.00 was made for hard wood floors. This has all been expended for the purpose designated.

REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

One of the most important improvements made during the biennial term was the erection of an addition to the hospital for an operating room. The room has been thoroughly equipped and affords a safe and convenient place for minor operations.

A cement basement has been put under the east third of the main building which has improved the sanitary condition of the whole structure. Several hundred square yards of concrete walk have been laid on the grounds which give pupils a dry and convenient place for

taking proper exercise in the open air,

The roofs of all the buildings covered with tin have been painted as well as many rooms in the different buildings. Twelve new porcelain bath tubs and many lavatories have been put in. This exhausted the \$3,500.00 annual appropriation with the exception of \$25.12, which remained at the close of the year. During the present summer, extensive repairs will be made on the boys' cottage, the girls' cottage and the shop building.

DEAF-BLIND FUND.

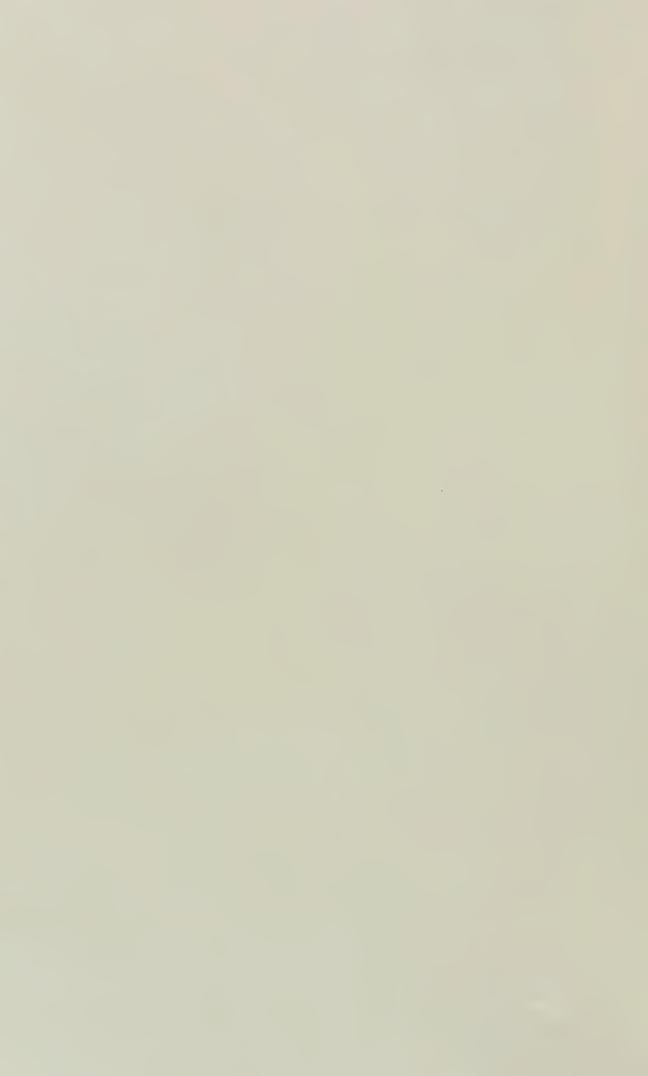
The annual appropriation of \$1,000.00 for the instruction of deafblind pupils was all expended for the first year of the biennial term. Near the close of the year the little girl who was the beneficiary of this fund died. The remainder of the \$1,000.00 was exhausted in defraying her funeral expenses.

FREE CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

The 44th biennial session of the Legislature appropriated \$2,000.00 to establish a circulating library of embossed books for the use of the



Hon. Charles D. Babb.



blind in various parts of the State. Of this sum, \$1,216.72 has been used to purchase books, leaving a balance of \$783.28, which will be used to add new books as the demand requires. We approve of the superintendent's recommendation of \$500.00 annually to continue the splendid work of this department.

TEACHERS' LIBRARY.

Of the \$400.00 appropriated annually for library and apparatus, \$12.86 remained unexpended. The library now contains 4,075 volumes, 423 having been added during the past two years. The library is in charge of a good librarian and its usefulness is growing. Teachers find it an indispensable source for material to use in class work and for reading matter for pupils' entertainment and instruction.

IMPROVEMENTS REQUIRED.

Late in 1906 architects were employed by the State authorities to visit institutions and report on the cost of needed improvements of buildings. The report made on the buildings and equipment for this school is as follows:

Part of these buildings have been constructed with the idea of obtaining some ventilation, but the design and arrangement are not sufficient for securing any results at all satisfactory. A modern system should be installed if the proper ventilation is		
to be secured. Estimated cost	\$ 5,928	30
the buildings, while at the same time providing ventilation therefor, additional radiation will be required. Estimated cost	1,326	15
That the ventilating system may be operated at its maximum efficiency at all times, an automatic temperature regulating sys-	2,020	10
tem must be installed. Estimated cost	11,009	25
Extensive alterations and modifications in the system of protection against fire are imperative as the present conditions are wholly inadequate. Additional outside hydrants and water supply are		
required. Estimated cost	32,929	05
and extremely unsafe, and must be thoroughly reconstructed. Estimated cost	3,518	55
for the service, and is in extremely poor condition, and should be rehabilitated. Estimated cost	4,559	10
In the power plant, conditions are deplorable. Boilers are unserviceable and expensive of operation. An entirely new arrange-		
ment of the power plant, with new and modern machinery in- stallation, including the necessary underground pipe and wire		
tunnels, for connecting the same with the various buildings should be provided. Estimated cost	28,236	60
to be renewed. Estimated cost	750	00
The wood floors in sections of the main building are badly worn and should be replaced. Estimated cost	450	00
Tile floors should replace the present wood floors in all bath rooms and toilets throughout. Estimated cost	3,200	
Cement floor needs patching and renewal. Estimated cost	363	

The power plant and the steam circulating system referred to in the report were provided for by the last Legislature and need not be considered at this time as they are adequate for all needs of the

school for many years to come.

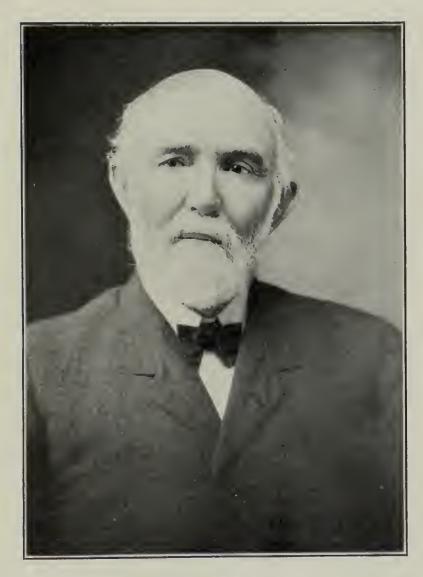
The other items mentioned and estimates given are probably needed to place the buildings and equipment in a first class condition and we recommend that the appropriation be made accordingly, but if for any reason the Legislature does not see its way clear to make the appropriation at the present time, we would suggest as absolutely needed the following:

Completion of hospital	\$ 8,000	0.0
Renewing heating system in three buildings	1,500	00
Alterations and remodeling for protection against fire and better		
accomodation of pupils ,	12,000	0.0
Additional land	2,500	00
Removing cow barn and dairy	6,000	00
Total	\$30,000	00
OTHER APPROPRIATIONS REQUIRED.		

Ordinary expense \$56,000.00 per annum\$1	12,000	00
Repairs and improvements per aunum \$3,500.00	7,000	0.0
Materials for printing per annum \$500:00	1,000	00
Maintenance of teachers' library and apparatus per annum \$500.00	1,000	00
Maintenance of free circulating library for blind per annum \$500.00	1,000	00

All of which is respecfully submitted.

Charles D. Babb,
President.
Geo. W. Moore,
Chas. Hammond,
Board of Trustees.



Hon. George W. Moore.



REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

To the Board of Trustees:

GENTLEMEN:—I have the honor to submit the thirtieth report of the Illinois School for the Blind, it being for the biennial term ending June 30th, 1908.

ATTENDANCE.

The number of pupils enrolled during the period was 259, seven less than during the previous biennial term. This loss is due to the number of adults received for shop training. The previous term 34 were admitted into this department and 27 this term. The number enrolled during the first year of the biennial period was 218 and the average daily attendance was 192. During the second year 209 were enrolled and the average attendance was 188.

GRADUATES.

The following are the names and addresses of the graduates of the the school during the past two years:

Mary Carmack, Chicago Sadie Howley, Joliet Sadie Jacobs, Chicago Clarence B. Lundgren, Chicago Byron Shaw, Pleasant Hill Albert Meyer, Chicago Fleta Conroy, East St. Louis Charles E. House, Moweaqua Nellie B. Lee, Chicago Clara Petrie, Peoria Robert Grime, Chicago Jessie Russell Centralia

DECEASED.

Two children died during the first year of the biennial term. Mamie Fau died February 13th, after an attack of cerebro meningitis. A month later the school was cast into the deepest gloom by the death of Emma Kubicek.

EMMA KUBICEK.

Emma was a deaf blind child, who, under the tnition of the school, had made remarkable progress. Her death from pneumonia occurred March 13th. 1907.

The following memorial was adopted by the teachers and pupils of the school at their chapel exercises Friday morning March 15th, 1907:

"We, the members of this school, pupils and teachers alike, have been singularly blessed in having had Emma Kubicck in our midst the last few years. We were interested in her development and proud of her achievements. Her lovable disposition, sweet face and charming manners made her good to look upon. Her quick responsiveness, her gratitude for every kindness shown—to which she seldom failed to give expression,—her generous desire to share with others the gifts and pleasures that came to her, endeared her to all. Everyone, from the oldest to the youngest, who came in contact with her from day to day is better for having known and loved her. Under the inspiration and training of her faithful teacher she became a positive factor for good in this school, and the memory of her life; her character and her work will ever be precious and uplifting to us all."

IMPORTANCE OF EDUCATING THE BLIND.

Blind boys and girls enter the struggle of life with a strong handicap. They are excluded from the great avenues of industrial world and are confined within narrow limits. They do not have the wide range of vocations to choose from the seeing enjoy, hence we find that failure among the blind is so frequent that it has become a matter of great concern to the State. The seeing person has a hundred chances to succeed where the blind has one.

This fact admonishes us that we should give the most careful attention to the education and training of the blind child for his life work. If he overcomes his handicap he must have every advantage that comes from an education. The seeing may by strength of muscle or by natural talent succeed with a limited education, but for the blind, preparation both mental and physical are absolutely essential.

The blind child's education should begin at the earliest possible moment after the affliction comes upon him. He should not be allowed to sit down and hope that sight will return until the time for successful schooling is past. He should enter school at once; if vision is restored the time in the school will not have been lost. If born

blind the child should enter the school at the age of six.

Parents must make sacrifices for their afflicted children and hundreds of them are happy to do so and see that their children are in school the first day to the last. They realize their duty and are glad to perform it though it seems a sacrifice of their own pleasure. But many of them either refuse or neglect to do anything for their unfortunate ones, who as a result grow up in ignorance doomed to a life of misery. During the month of June an agent of the school visited several sections of the State and found in each children who should be in school but who have been allowed to remain at home. Twenty-five such children were found and it is believed that more than 100 children are now out of school who should be receiving its benefits.

Attention was called to this matter in the last report of the school

in the following paragraphs:

COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE.

It is evident that there are in the State some blind children of eligible age who ought to enjoy the benefits of this school. Some parents from lack of knowledge as to its existence and location, and more from mistaken kindness.



HON. CHARLES A. HAMMOND.



keep their children at home and deprive them of the privileges of an education. No class of children needs an education more than those bereft of sight. A very important part of the knowledge gained by the normal child is received through the natural eye. If it is deemed essential for the good of the child and the safety of the State to have a compulsory attendance law for children with sight, it is still more imperative that the law should apply

equally as well to those who live in darkness.

If the present compulsory attendance law does not clearly and specifically apply to the blind children of the State, in my judgment such a law should be enacted. The law should require all children between the ages of 6 and 16 years whose sight is defective to such a degree as to debar them from obtaining an education in the public schools, to attend some school for the blind for a period of nine months in the year, unless it can be shown that they are receiving regularly thorough instruction in the studies usually taught in the public schools. The law should exempt children whose physical or mental condition is such as to render their instruction inexpedient or impracticable, and it should authorize the superintendent of any school for the blind to excuse cases of necessary absence among the enrolled pupils.

This subject is respectfully submitted to your judgment with the hope that you will favor the enactment of such a law at the next session of our General Assembly as will secure a proper schooling to all the educable blind children

in the State.

Course of Study.

The course of study of the school has recently been revised by the principal, Mrs. Louise B. Inglis, with the assistance of the teaching corps. Work is laid down for twelve years, eight of which are below the high school. The course follows as closely as possible the State course of study which is regarded everywhere as a high standard in educational work.

THE ALUMNI ASSOCIATION.

The biennial meeting of the Alumni Association of this institution met at the school June 3rd, and continued its session for two days. There were eighty members present. This body is made up of graduates of the school and is a strong force in the State in its advocacy of the importance of a thorough education for the blind. The members were well dressed and prosperous in appearance. To look at them and to hear them report their success in life was both inspiring and encouraging. If any doubt ever existed as to the wisdom of paying out so much money in the education of the blind a view of such a body of happy and prosperous men and women would certainly remove it from the mind of the most skeptical. If the public could but realize the many lives that are made bright and prosperous by this school no question of expense would ever arise.

The Illinois School for the Blind was founded in 1848 by Samuel Bacon who is himself blind. He also founded a similar school in Iowa and Nebraska. The Jacksonville school graduated its first class, with diplomas, in 1877. Since then there has been a graduating class each year, except 1885 and 1892. H. I. Carpenter of the class of 1883, organized the Alumni Association on commencement day. May 31, 1887. Including this class, the school had graduated 30 girls and 27 boys. The Alumni held its first regular meeting June. 1889. The uext meeting was held June, 1891. Owing to preparations for the World's Fair, the third meeting was postponed until June, 1894.

Since this date the association has held its meetings biennially, on the even years. On June 4th, 1908, the Alumni had 221 full members, 111 women and 110 men. Mr. H. I. Carpenter is now organizing a census bureau which in a measure, is to record the work and earnings of the graduates. Nearly all of these graduates are earning goodly wages and many are laying up money.

A CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

The Illinois School for the Blind is offering to blind persons of the State courses of study by correspondence. The courses are designed for two classes. First, for those who become blind after years of majority have been reached, when it is impracticable for them to enter a school for the blind. Second, for those graduates and former pupils who wish to continue study after leaving school.

Statistics show that a large proportion of blindness comes after adult life is reached. Many of this class are incapacitated for manual labor, and eagerly grasp an opportunity to learn to read. The school proposes to give instruction by correspondence to all blind persons of this class. The methods pursued are similar to those employed by the various correspondence schools of the country. The work will be done through the medium of a seeing relative or friend of the blind person. The explanations which accompany each lesson are so full and complete that the seeing friend can render the aid required without difficulty.

A correspondence course for the blind is a new departure in education of this class. So far as we know this is the first attempt ever

made to give the blind systematic instruction by this method.

Just how valuable this work will be is yet to be determined. One thing is certain: Any one who wishes to learn to read and has a reasonable amount of determination may do so at home by correspondence as well as in school. These lessons are sent free to all who apply for them.

THE FREE CIRCULATING LIBRARY FOR THE BLIND.

The 45th General Assembly passed an act appropriating \$2,000.00 for a free circulating library to be established at the School for the Blind. This library has been open to readers only a short time and the growth of patrons has been very rapid. Catalogues in ink print were ready for distribution and were sent out about the first of January, 1908. One hundred fifty persons are now enrolled as readers and an average of twenty-five volumes per week are sent out. Every month there is a marked increase, due not only to the growth in the number of readers but also to the increased interest and greater rapidity with which they now read.

The library contains 1443 volumes of which 337 are in line letter, 350 in New York point and 756 in American Braille. Besides these we have probably 3,000 volumes in line and New York point which can be drawn upon when necessary. These are duplicates of books catalogued and placed in the pupils' library. This library is in no

way connected with the regular school library.





A law passed by Congress April 27, 1904, gives reading matter for the blind free transmission through the mails under regulations prescribed by the Postmaster General. These regulations may be found on the first pages of the ink printed and Braille catalogues, which are

furnished to all who desire to make use of the library.

This library has brought light and good cheer into the lives of many that would have remained in darkness and I therefore recommend that an appropriation of \$500.00 annually be made to purchase more books and defray the expense of care and sending out to readers those upon our shelves.

TRAINING IN ATHLETICS.

Training in athletics has won for itself an important place in schools for the seeing and is now generally accepted as necessary for the proper discipline and development of students into vigorous and healthful men and women.

Whatever may be said of the value of athletics for the seeing may be repeated with increased emphasis for the blind. The blind have few opportunities to exhibit their best physical effort. They rarely have a chance to feel the stimules of competition which is a powerful factor for success in life. From infancy they are denied to a large extent the inborn desire of running, throwing, climbing and jumping,

fundamental activities of the race.

The blind child is not permitted to engage in any of these sports. He is constantly warned against running and his frequent contact with stationary objects soon crushes his desire to enter into this most exhiliarating exercise. If he throws, window panes, furniture or bystanders may suffer. The mother of a blind child is horrified at the sight of her boy climbing among the branches of a tree, not knowing that he is in less danger of accident than his seeing brother. While at school his supervisor insists for the sake of his clothing that he be kept from trees and fences where he is in danger of soiling or tearing his wearing apparel.

Jumping, if one does not look before he leaps, is attended with bad

results according to inference of an old proverb.

From these activities the blind child has been excluded very much to his physical and moral disadvantage. He is forced into sedentary habits; he becomes a dreamer giving up his days to introspection. He ceases to be an actor and his life is in danger of being a failure.

Whatever looks toward the physical development of the blind child is worthy of the encouragement of officers and teachers in schools for the blind. For many years this school has been equipped with a good gymnasium in which systematic exercises are given daily, intended to promote this object. But recently athletic sports have been introduced into schools for the blind and this school has not been slow to recognize the value of training obtained in this manner.

A national organization of the schools has been effected for the purpose of holding annual contests. The contests are held on the grounds of the various schools and the records made in each event

are forwarded to the officers of the association. The school making the highest number of points is given a beautiful silver cup as a token

of victory.

The first contest held by the association took place the 16th of last May and this school easily won with $30\frac{1}{2}$ points to Eastern Pennsylvania's $13\frac{1}{3}$, our nearest competitor. The boys of the school are very much elated over the victory and will no doubt work hard to hold the cup awarded to them.

MASSAGE.

During the past two years three of our pupils have been given instructions in massage in the Maplewood sanitarium which is under the management of the well known physician, Dr. Frank P. Norbury. One of these young men graduated from his course in this subject in June 1907, and has since been profitably employed in a sanitarium in Wisconsin. Two graduated last June and one has been promised a position while the other will no doubt soon find work in this line.

It has been quite thoroughly demonstrated that the blind are well adapted for such work and a number in this country and England are making successful masseurs. In Japan this work is left almost wholly to the blind and in one city, Yokohoma, 900 blind masseurs

are employed.

Physician's and Occulist's Reports.

I wish to call your attention to the reports of the physician and occulist found elsewhere in this report. The work of the physician has been especially trying during the last year on account of an epidemic of diphtheria which broke out in the school. The fact that no deaths occurred during the year is sufficient evidence of his devotion to the children's interests.

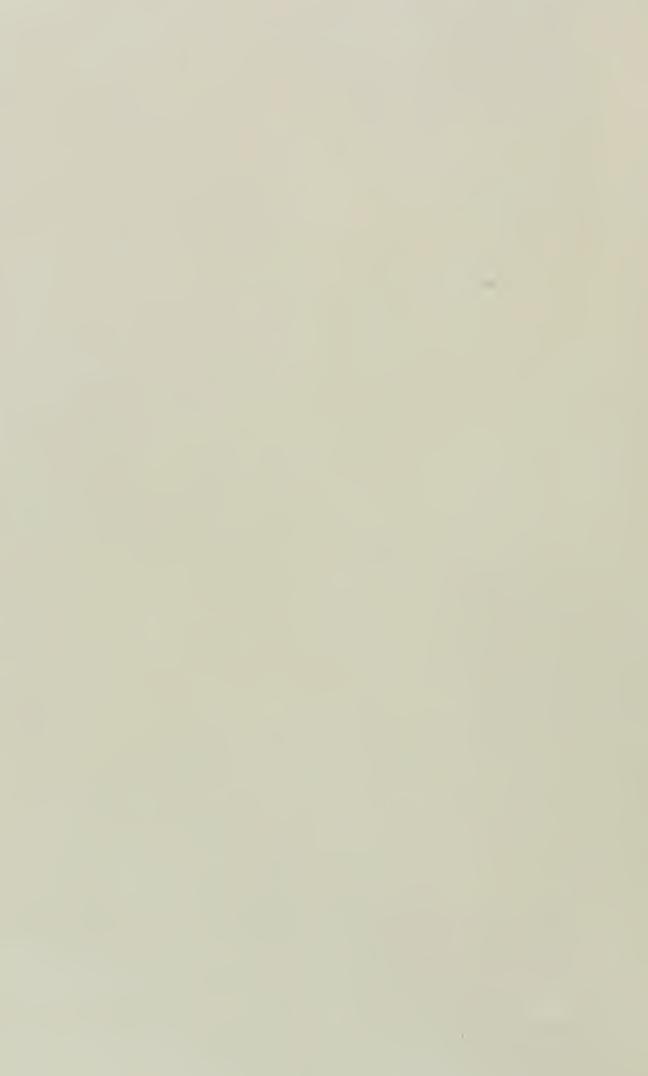
The occulist calls attention to the enomous amount of blindness among the new born and points out a remedy. If his suggestions were followed at all births in this State for a few years the number of blind children would be reduced from 25 to 35 per cent. The Legislature should enact such laws as would afford protection to infants who are so often blinded by carelessness or neglect of doctors or midwives.

NEEDS OF THE BLIND.

Recently the State Board of Public Charities appointed a commission to investigate the needs of the blind of the State and report its findings to the Governor. Since this report will cover a wide scope and will be based upon the fullest possible information on the subject, I shall refrain from making recommendations at this time upon the needs of legislation for the improvement of the condition of the blind

Geo. W. Jones,
Superintendent.

PRINTING ROOM.



PRINTING DEPARTMENT.

Superintendent Geo. W. Jones:

DEAR SIR—The following is the report of the Printing Department:

Amount Printed.—During the two years ending June 30, 1908, 1,361 orders for printed matter coming from schools, libraries and private persons have been filled from our printing department. These orders comprise 56,165 pages of music, 24,602 pages of literature, about 150 raised print catalogues—10,500 pages, and 200 keys to the Braille notation of music—3,000 pages, making in all, the number of pages sold about 94,000. In the same time the department has furnished to the school music, literature, keys, alphabet sheets and pro-

grams to the number of about 60,000 pages.

New Matter.—Since 1893 it has been our practice during the school term to devote two hours a day for five days in the week to the transcribing of music from the staff notation into the Braille system. The printer takes the music from dictation and embosses it directly upon sheets of soft brass, which are proof-read and corrected, and form stereotypes of the greatest durability. In the past two years 1,500 of these music stereotype plates have been made, which raises the number of plates in our musical library to 12,000. Because of the lack of time and labor we have made only 400 literary stereotypes; but in future we hope to produce more literature, especially in the line of school text books.

Stock.—For many years this department was run without having on hand any large amount of printed matter, most of the printing being done by single copy as the orders were received. At length the demand for our work increased to such an extent, it became evident that we should carry a large reserve stock in music. In 1904 the foreman of the department began this surplus printing, and late in 1906 he succeeded in accumulating a full line of music stock which was filed in regular alphabetic order according to the names of composers. This stock has proven a great saving of labor in the working of the department, as well as a great convenience to the school and to our long list of customers.

Embossed Print.—For a period of nearly thirty years the pupils of the Illinois School for the Blind labored without any means of writing in tangible characters. In 1876, Louis Egeman, a former resident of Missouri, came to this school and introduced his fellow students to the Braille system, teaching them both the ordinary

alphabet and the musical notation. The pupils of the school and the blind of the State hailed this system of writing as a priceless blessing. All enterprising students learned it, and employed it in their correspondence, in the making of memoranda, and in forming their individual libraries of music and literature. For twelve years the Braille was in general use among pupils; some teachers recognized the value of it, yet it received no official recognition, was never taught in classes, and at times the use of it was actually discouraged.

In 1888 New York Point was formally adopted by the school and employed by teachers and pupils in all school work for three years. In 1891 the director of music, thinking that he had made a sufficient test of the New York Point notation, returned to the Braille as being a system better adapted to the expression of music. In 1892, after the invention of the Hall Braille writer and the Braille stereotype-maker, this school was one of the first to begin the use of the improved Braille, which has had throughout the country a phenomenal growth since that time.

We do not discourage the use of New York Point. Many books in that system are still read in our school. But after a long and continued trial of the two systems we do acknowledge a decided preference for the Braille, and offer the following as reasons for this

preference:

1. The Braille has convenient means of capitalization and punctuation not

possessed by the New York Point system.

2. All Braille characters are placed in a uniform space two points in width, which secures case of writing and reading; while the New York Point characters vary in length from one to four points in the direction of the length of the line.

3. The Braille has a greater number of characters of few points and small compass, which compared with the many complex characters of the New York Point system, are the more easy to memorize, to read, to write, and to correct.

4. The Braille is more open or less compact than the New York Point, and is therefore read more easily and rapidly and a longer time without

fatigue

5. The Braille with the characters in the vertical position and varying from one to three points in height, is very productive of word forms which aid in reading: while the New York Point, having the characters in the horizontal position with but slight variation in their height produces few distinctly marked word forms.

6. The Braille musical notation has many of the merits possessed by the

literary Braille notation. and its use is world wide.

Advocates of the New York Point have made objection to the Braille as being deficient in number of single characters and therefore poorly equipped to form a notation such as that of music which requires a large number of symbols. It has been said that about 140 signs are necessary to a complete notation of music; that to express these the Braille furnishes only 63 single characters, while the New York Point furnishes an unlimited number.

The New York Point does supply an unlimited number of single characters, but only 39 of them may be considered in any way as tangible or as convenient in reading or writing as the Braille characters. Of necessity two-thirds of the New York Point characters are four points in length and therefore very complex in construction when compared with the Braille characters which are of few points and small compass.



TYPEWRITING ROOM.



Let us review briefly the different symbols of the Braille notation of music and see how far the 63 single characters of the Braille serve to indicate the 140 or 150 markings required in the writing of music.

In laying the foundation of the Braille notation of music it was seen that in writing notes and rests each sign might be used to express two rhythmic values, a large and a small value; by this means 64 markings of notes and rests are indicated by 32 signs. It has been found also that 7 other signs might be put to more than one use. This double signification of the symbols causes no confusion or doubt as to their meaning. When notes or rests of different value represented by the same sign occur in succession, a sign devised especially for the purpose is inserted where the value changes.

Thus in its present stage of development the Braille notation of music expresses 102 distinct markings by means of single-space characters; furthermore, these markings include all that most frequently recur in music, namely. 56 notes, 8 rests, 7 intervals, 7 octaves, 5 fingers, the triplet mark, the dot, 3 accidentals, slur, staccato, turn, grace note, trill, repeat, word sign, release word, number sign, dal segno, group, retaining sign, discontinuance, and musical hyphen.

In the New York Point notation the 39 characters which correspond in area to the Braille cell, express 42 markings, only about 40 per cent of the number indicated by the single Braille characters. About 20 marks of expression which are indicated in the New York Point by arbitrary signs are expressed in Braille by the ordinary lettering of the staff notation.

Thus we have accounted for 120 symbols of the musical notation; the 30 marks that still remain are expressed in Braille by compound signs made by combining two or more single characters in an uncommon order. Here let us note the important fact that these last named

signs are for infrequent recurrence.

We may observe in conclusion that throughout the development of this notation a remarkable simplicity of the symbols is preserved; even the compound signs appear simple in construction. The characters of the Braille are more than sufficient for the literary notation, and fully meet the greater requirements of music without exhausting the resources of the system.

Respectfully submitted,

ARTHUR JEWELL,

Printer.

PHYSICIAN'S REPORT.

G. W. Jones, Superintendent State School for Blind, Jacksonville. Illinois.

DEAR SIR: I hereby respectfully submit my report as physician to the Institution for the biennial period ending June 30th, 1908.

During the first half of the period the following cases were treated in the hospital:

Malaria 5 Amenorrhea 6 Acute colds 25 Acute Laryngitis 2 Tonsilitis 60 Gastritis 1 Inflammatory rheumatism 1 Rhinitis 1 Appendicitis 1 Neuritis 1 Infections 10 Scabies 1 Epilepsy 1 Anaemia 3 Chronic constipation 3 Diarrhoea 1 Otitis Media 3 Epistaxis 1 Adhesion of peritoneum to viscera 1 Pneumonia 4 Pneumonia complicated by appendicitis 1	Neurasthenia 1 Erythemia 1 Lumbago 1 Sprains 5 Dyspepsia 8 Neuralgia 1 Gastralgia 1 Locomotor ataxia 1 Rheumatism 4 Furunculosis 2 Pleurisy 1 Irritation of meninges 1 Herpes Zoster 1 Lapse of memory 1 Wood alcohol poisoning (self administered) 1 Cerebro meningitis 1 Chronic ulcer 1 Total 179
--	--

There was a number of other cases treated which were not necessarily hospital cases as the patients were able to continue their school work. No record has been kept of them. Of the 179 cases treated in the hospital during the school year two were fatal. They are as follows:

Minnie Fau was admitted to the hospital Feb. 11th, 1907. She had a severe attack of acute meningitis. All that could be done seemed to have little effect on the course of the disease. She died Feb. 13th.

Emma Kubicek, deaf and blind, the result of an attack of meningitis in infancy, was admitted to the hospital with appendicitis complicated by pneumonia, March 10th, 1907. The sudden onset and severity of these diseases were very marked. Death put an end to suffering on the evening of the third day of her illness.

In my career as a physician I have seen human suffering, death and sorrow; but the last illness and death of this little deaf-blind girl was the most pathetic scene I ever witnessed.

Her remarkable progress and happy disposition were the pride and

inspiration of the institution.

During the school year of 1907.08 the following cases were treated in hospital:

Eczema. Rhinitis Sprains and contusions Superficial burns. Scabies Amenorrhoea Infections Indigestion Appendicular	Anaemia. Constipation. Neurasthenia. Acute colds. Scarlet fever. Diphtheria.	1 1 3 1 30 5

November 3d a case of scarlet fever occurred in a student from the girls' dormitory. She had been in the hospital two days before the eruption appeared. As soon as a positive diagnosis was made she was isolated and a special nurse put in charge of the case. They remained in quarantine eight weeks. When desquamation and disinfection were completed she was sent to her home to remain for a time before coming in contact with the students. No other cases developed.

November 14th, 1907 two cases of diphtheria were found; one from the girls' cottage and one from the main building. We immediately began to search for the source of this disease. The sanitary conditions were good. There are many ways by which contagion may be carried into an institution. Visitors are frequently the unconscious conveyors of it. After giving this matter consideration we are inclined to the opinion that in this manner diphtheria was brought

to us.

The buildings were frequently inspected and disinfected from basement to attic. This was continued from November 14th to the 11th of April, when the last case was discharged from the hospital.

During that time we think the disease was introduced twice from

an outside source, when we were free from it.

Diphtheria is a difficult disease to eradicate in any school or institution, but especially so in the School for the Blind. Here is found a class of the most susceptible patients, weak constitutions by heredity, irritable throats, which make a very favorable soil for the implantation and growth of the diphtheretic bacilli. The resisting tone is below par which of itself is a standing invitation to disease.

During this epidemic there were thirty cases of diphtheria. No

deaths occurred.

We feel grateful to Dr. T. H. D. Griffitts of Springfield and Dr. Walter G. Bain. State Bacteriologist, for assistance in making diagnoses in some of the cases.

The good results of this year's work are largely due to the gratuitious supply of antitoxin by the State, the assistance and coöperation of Superintendent and Mrs. Jones, the matrons and heads of various departments and especially to the faithful and efficient services of the nurse, Miss Bertha Ryman.

Very respectfully,

GEO. E. BAXTER.

OCULIST'S REPORT.

Jacksonville, Ill., Sept. 1, 1908.

Mr. G. W. Jones, Superintendent Illinois School for the Blind:

Dear Sir-I have the honor to submit the following report, as oculist to the Illinois School for the Blind. This includes the results of an examination into the causes of blindness among those attending

from the year 1894 to 1908.

During the past two years examinations have been made of those entering the school to ascertain the amount of vision, cause of blindness and the necessity for treatment or prophylaxis in case of contagious disease. Treatment has been given those requiring it for relief from pain or to improve or retain what remnant of sight remained. Also caring for those having disease of the ears or impaired hearing which is of even more importance, because of the lost or impaired vision.

In the following tables various phases of the causes of blindness among the pupils has been considered. Records of 699 pupils ranging in age from five to sixty years, who have been in attendance during varying periods of time, have been tabulated.

Blindness is defined as being "destitute of the sense of sight either by natural defect or by deprivation. The usual definition would be, that condition in which the sight is so reduced that any occupation requiring the use of the eyes is impracticable.

Pupils are admitted whose sight is so defective as to debar them

from obtaining an education from the public schools.

Any applicant desiring entrance should have an examination and certificate from a physician familiar with diseases and defects of the eyes and had assurance that no material benefit could be had by medical or surgical treatment or glasses. Those from Chicago or vicinity should secure such certificate from surgeons in attendance at the Illinois Eye and Ear Infirmary, 227 West Adams street, Chicago.

Table No. I—Classification of the Blind According to Age at Time of Entrance.

· Age.	Total	Males	Females	. Age.	Total	Males	Females
Five years Six to ten Eleven to fifteen Sixteen to twenty Twenty-one to thirty Thirty-one to forty	10 154 181 134 98 49	6 87 113 62 61 43	67 -68	Forty-one to fifty Fifty to sixty Not given Over sixty Totals	43 16 13 1 699	41 16 11 1	2 2 2 258

The amount of vision of pupils varies from those totally blind to those having a small amount of vision (20-50).

In reference to the amount of vision I have divided them into four classes.

Table No. II—The Degree of Blindness.

First Class—Those who can distinguish large type, as the head of a newspaper, or even somewhat smaller type, but from disease of the eyes should not read but for a very brief time Second Class—Those who are able to see large objects and not better than 156 Third class—Those having merely perception of light. Fourth class—Those totally blind.	132 118 246 203
Total	699

There were several pupils who said they were in an intense bright light continually, which was probably caused by irritation of the optic nerve or brain at the origin of the same.

The classification of Magnus has been followed in considering the

causes of blindness.

Table No. III—Congenital Blindness—This group includes those born blind and those born with the germs of blindness already existing in the eyes but the process not completed.

	Cases.
Anophthalmus	11
Microphthalmus . 5	11
Buphthalmus	7
Atrophia nervi optici	6
Ketinitis pigmentosa	5
Chorolditis and choroldo-retinitis	11
Kerato-conus	3
Keratitis	1
Albinismus	2
Cataract (congenital) Undetermined conditions	48
c nacternmen conditions	9
Total	00 14%
	4767

Table No.	IV—Blindness	due to	Infections	and	Disturbances	of
			the Eyes.			

. Trutter of the 23 geo.	-
	Cases.
Ophthalmia neonatorum (of new born)	122-17%
Ophthalmia (gonorrheal)	13
rachoma (granulated lids)	52-7%
Diptheritic conjunctivitis	4
Disease of the cornea	30-4%
ITITIS and irido choroiditis	8
Chorolditis	11
De'achment of the retina	8
Myopic choroiditis	3
Neuro retuitis	1
Atrophy of the optic nerve	79
Glaucoma Cataract	9 5
Undetermined	18
	.10
Total	363-51%
	000 01,0
Table No. V—Traumatic Blindness.	
	Cases.
Divisit to the Control of the Contro	
Direct injuries (of eyes)	36 ·
Unsuccessful operations	1 12
Injuries of the head	70
Sympathetic Optianna	
Total	119-17%
2 0	220
Table No. VI—Blindness due to General Discases.	
	Cases.
	41
Diseases of the brain, its membranes and spinal cord	41 16
Diseases of the eye after measles Diseases of the eye after scarlet fever	10
	3
Scrofulous eye disease	10
Diseases of the eye after small pox	9
Diseases of the eye after la grippe	4
Diseases of the eye after spotted fever	1
Discussion the eye after spotted to the same and the same	
Total	118-16%

Of the six hundred and ninety-nine cases here tabulated two hundred and fifty-nine, or 37 per cent, are due to diseases of the conjunctiva. And of all the blindness due to diseases of the conjunctiva one hundred and twenty-two, or 17 per cent, are due to the ophthalmia of the new born.

By adding together the seventy cases of blindness due to sympathetic ophthalmia, fifty-two cases to trachoma or granulated lids, and one hundred and twenty-two cases due to ophthalmia in the new born, we have two hundred forty-four, or 35 per cent of cases of avoida-

ble blindness.

The seventy cases of blindness due to sympathetic ophthalmia could in nearly if not quite all have been avoided by the prompt removal of eyes that were sightless and chronically inflamed as a result of injuries or accidents. Most of these cases without having had skilled advice and not realizing the danger they were subjected to, have let the precious time slip by when the removal of the irritating eye would have removed the danger of blindness in the other eye.

Trachoma, or granulated lids, is responsible for fifty-two cases or seven per cent, while diseases of the cornea caused thirty, or four per cent. It is quite possible a considerable proportion of these were due to trachoma but the condition of the lids and obtainable history

did not make this certain.

Ophthalmia neonatorum, or disease in the eyes of the new born, shows the largest single cause of blindness, one hundred and twentytwo, or seventeen per cent. This disease is infectious, preventable, and almost entirably curable, and shows the terrible penalty paid by ignorance. In reference to the subject at a recent large meeting in Boston Helen Keller said, "The problem of prevention should be dealt with frankly. Physicians should take pains to disseminate knowledge needful for a clear understanding of the causes of blindness. The time for hinting at unpleasant truths is past. Let us insist that the States put into practice every known and approved method of prevention and that physicians and teachers open wide the doors of knowledge for the people to enter in. The facts are not agreeable reading. Often they are revolting. But it is better that our sensibilities should shocked than that we should be ignorant of facts upon which rest sight, hearing, intelligence, morals and the life of the children of men. Let us do our best to rend the thick curtain with which society is hiding its eyes from unpleasant but needful truths."

A. L. Adams, M. D.

AMERICAN BRAILLE.

To write on a Braille tablet begin at the right; to read, reverse the sheet and begin at the left. In either case the six points (••) of which the characters are formed, are numbered from the top, 1, 2, 3, for the first vertical row, and 4, 5, 6, for the second.

					AL.	PHAE	BET.					
a	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	1	m
	•	• •	•	•	•	• •	• •	• •	•	•	•	•
n	•	Р	q	ï°	S	t	u	V	W	X	у	Z
• •	•	•	• •		•	•	• •	•	• •	• •	•	• •

To capitalize a letter prefix to it points 3 and 6 (...).

MARKS OF PUNCTUATION.

The apostrophe is point 4. The other marks, except the exclamation, are formed of points 2, 3, 5 and 6.

When two or more initial letters requiring the capital sign occur together, the space which separates words may be omitted; the period which follows the first letter then becomes also the prefix, or capital sign, for the next; thus,

F. R. S.

NUMERALS.

When alone or in combination the following letters, if prefixed by the numeral sign (), become numbers.

Ι	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
•		• •	•	•	•	• •	• •	•	• •
I	• •		46	• •	• •	235	• •	• •	9

INITY L LETTERS USED AS WORD SIGNS.

but could down from great have just know like my not quite right should the under very will you

When the above word care parts of other words the initial letter must not be used as a representative; e.g. • when standing alone represents "know," but "knowledge" should be written



OTHER CHARACTERS | SED AS WORD AND PART WORD SIGNS.

an	and	ar	•		en •• _	•	for	in •	ing
is	of ••	on	or	ou •	OW	•	th or that	tion	wh or which

The following characters, with one exception, are formed of points 2, 3, 5, 6. When separated from words by the omission of a cell, they are word signs, as follows:

had their to was with would

The letter $x \begin{pmatrix} \bullet \\ \bullet \end{pmatrix}$ when standing alone is used as an asterisk.

The letter d followed by a period is used as the dollar sign and should be immediately followed by the numeral sign; thus—

\$23.75

An italicized word is indicated by the prefix of point 6 ().

Lines of poetry are separated by the omission of three cells.

The capital sign preceding a contraction capitalizes only the first letter of the contraction.

The ordinary rules of grammar should be closely followed; hence eorrest syllabication must be observed, and a monosyllable should never be divided.

Strict conformity to general grammatical laws and the special rules preceding, are essential to a correct use of the American Braille, and the use of signs in any other way than that hereby authorized is as inelegant and incorrect as similar changes in ordinary writing.

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BRAILLE MUSIC ALPHABET.

/hoies or 16ths	6,	D	E	F	G	A .	É
Halves or 32ds,	•	•	• •	• •	•	•	6 6
Quarters or 64th	ıs,	• •	• •	ပ • ဖ •	• • c •	• *	• • • •
Eighths or 128th	hs,	• •	• •	• •	•	9	6
Octave signs,]	1 2	3 4 • 4 5 • 5 • 6	• 5	5 • 4 • 6	6 • 5 • 6	₹ •6
Fingering signs,	•	1 2 1 • 1 • 2	3. • 1 • 2 • 3	4 • 2 •	5 • 1 • 3		
	1000	or H	or # %	or. 4 4 0	TE CELEG		
Rests,				•	•		
Accidentals,	•	•	• •	b	b b	. #	
	20	d 3d	4th	5th	6th-	7th	8th
Intervals,	•	• •	• •	•	• •	• •	• •
	slur	in accord with	turı	n grac note		rill	
		•	•	•		•	
	repeat	staccato	dot	double	dot		
	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \bullet \bullet 5 \\ 3 \bullet \bullet 6 \end{array} $	2 • 3 • • 6	3 •	3 • ′3	•		
C	double bar	double bar with repeat	pause	right m.	hand d.	left m.	hand g.
	•	•	: :	• •	• •		

Expression marks are represented by the abbreviations ordinarily used in music for the seeing. Characters standing for letters must be preceded by the word sign (•).

Provision is made in Braille for the special signs which occur in music written for violin, guitar, organ, voice, etc. For further information, consult the pamphlet published by the British and Foreign Blind Association & Cambridge Square. Hvde Park, London.

LIST OF PUPILS.

Name.	Residence.	County.
A July		
Adair, James	Chicago	Cook
Allan, Thos. J.	(lo	do
Anderson, Aran	Dunning	do
Anderson Jesse	Chicago	.do
Anderson, Julia Anderson, Nels	Jollet,	Will
Arnold Homes	Colfor	Mal oan
Arnold, Homer	Chicago	McLean
Atherton, Chas. Auburn, Frank	Decatur	Macon
Bardeen, Agnes.	Peoria	
Baugh, Erastus D.	Marion	Williamson
Bell, Isabella	Chicago	Cook
Bejamin, Merle	Momence	Kankakee
Berry Lucy	Chicago	Cook
Bible, Roscoe	Louisville	Clay
Binkley, Earnest	Chicago	
Bique, Earl	do	do
Blurtin, Wesley	Kinmundy	Marion
Bohman, John	Glencoe	
Boscamp, Frances	Chicago	do
Brady, May	••do	do
Brandon, Roy	Jacksonville	Morgan
Breckenridge, Russell	Chicago	Cook
Brown, Ada	Freeport	Winnelson
Brown, Esco	Lake Forest	T also
Brown, Harry. Bruner, Mildred.	Fact St. Louis	St Clair
Bryant. Mary	Lacksonville	Morgan
Cadle, Rilev	Raymond	Montgomery
Cappetta, Edward	Chicago	Cook
Carter, Lizzie	Rushville	Schuyler
Cermak, Mary	Chicago	Cook
Chambers Nellie	do	do
Chanman Oscar	Belleville	St. Clair
Cland Hiram	Morrison	Whiteside
Cochran, Anna	Pittsfield	Pike
Collins Edward	Chicago	Cook
Collins, Howard	St. Charles	Kane
Comstock, Charles	Chicago	COOK
Conroy, Fleta	East St. Louis	Cook
Corteen, William	Cincago	do
Crews, Harry	Fureka	Woodford
Dahlberg, David	Chicago	Cook
Davis, Mabel May	Barnett.	Montgomery
Decker, Earl	Bushnell	McDonough
Decker Rowland	doob.	(l0
Dement Edward	Chicago	Cook
Dial William	Granite City	Madison
Dickinson Fred	Dundee	Kane
Danach Evanle	Chicago	COOK
Dooley, Everett	Mt. Carmel	Wabash
Dooley, Everett Dower, Thos. J.	Bloomington	McLean
Duffy, George E	(lo	Lockson
Duncan, Will	Murphysboro	Schurler
Dykstra, Dick. Eid, Charles Elderbush, Hazel.	Variable	Hancock
Eid, Charles	Havene	Mason
Elderbush, Hazel Ernest, Myrtle	Paoria	Peoria
Ernest, Myrtle Eyre, Nancy J	Palmyra	Macoupin .
Fau, Mainie	Chicago	Cook
rau, mainte	Circugo	

List of Pupils—Continued.

Name.	Residence.	County.
isch, Agnes.	Chicago	Cook
isher, Henry	Brimfield	Peoria
isher, Hetty		Clark
isher. Rose	. Chicago	Cook
itzgerald, John	Utica	LaSalle
laska, Jacob		Cook
ord, Mary	. Middletown	Menard
ortney, Ray	. Cinn	Ohio
oster, Fred	. Bradford]	Stark
ox, Jno	Chicago	Cook
railey, John		Lawrence
ritchie, Harleyrisk, Louis		Whiteside
entile, John		Logan
ephard, Charles	Kenney	De Witt
erlach, George	Chicago	Cook
ill, Ora	Pekin	Tazewell
illick, Alvin	. Carrollion	Greene
oens, Joseph	. Danville	Vermilion
orhan, Naomi	. Chicago	Cook
ormon, Lizzie	. <u>I</u> lliopolis	Sangamon
rantham, Lela		Montgomery
reen, Maggie		Hardin
rime, Robert		Cook
uinn, John		Rock Island
unnis, Joseph	Chicago	
lamilton, Edwin		Warren
larms, Minnielarris, Alice	Gillespie	Rock Island
lawley, Sadie	Ioliet	Will
leater, Elmer		do
ledrick, Minnie	Urbana	Champaign
lelmers, Alfred	. Stonington	Christian
erman, Albert		
lerman. Mathew	. Quincy	Adams
lerman, Rynalto	. Rossville	Vermilion
lerron, Esther		St. Clair
esse, George	. O'Fallon	do
libbs, Mary	. Brimfield	Peoria
ogue, Harry		
louston, Fredloward, Cecil		McClean
oward, Eddie		
lowse, Charles		
lowse, May	do ·	do
lowse, Syena		
luber, John		
unt, Ethel	. Athens:	Menard
lutchinson, Crawford		
acobs, Sadie	do	do
aiger, August	. Chicago Heights	do
ewell, Arthur	. Jacksonville	Morgan
ezierny, Walter	Chicago	Cook
irsa, John	. do	do
ohnson, Alma,	Rockford	Winnebago
ones, Wesley	Milan	Pack Island
ammerman, Gottliebearns, Wm	Posavilla	Lucror
enney, Mabel	Chicago	Cook
ing, Elmer	do	do
irch, John		
lett, Frank	.do	.do
night, Willie	. Decatur	Mason
nowles. Earl	. 'Atwood	Piatt
nowles, Harry	. Chicago	Cook
onrad, Harold	do	do
ermsky, Herbert retschmar, Emil	·do	do
retschinar, Emil	Thornton	do
ripps Henry	. Chicago	ldo
Inbicek Emma	Glen Carbon	Madison
unter, Carl	Chicago	Cook
agervall, Carl E	Danville	Vermilion
akın, Cora	Chicago	Cook
ashinsky, Jo	do die	do
ee, Nellie evin, Morris	do	do

List of Pupils—Continued.

Name.	Residence.	County.
Line Dove	0.1.1.1	Y 1
Lipe, Dora Ljunggren, Eugene	Carbondale	JacksonCook
Lockaby, Finley	Eddyville	Pope
Locke, Urrin	Robinson	Crawford
Logan, Edward	Ottawa	LaSalle
Lohr, Leota Looby, Helen	Chicago	Cook
Lowder, Leo	Jacksonville	Morgan
Lowder, Leo Malson, Stella	Watson	Effingham
Mamminga, Claus	Chana	Ogle
Marguardt, Martha	Danville	Vermilion
Maxwell, George	Chicago	Cook
McCauley, Weiley	Pontiac	Livingston
Melcher, Gusta	Chicago	Cook
Metcakt, John Metters, Clinton		
Meyers, Alberta		
Meyers, Fred	do	do
Meyers, Oscur	Fort Sheridan	Lake
Miller, Gertrude	Bloomington	McLean
Minski, Isaac.		Cook
Mitchell, Maggie	Odin	Clay
Moon, Frauncie		Cook
Morass, Sophia		
Moss. Carrie	Pottstown	Peoria
Murray, Thos. J	Dunning	Cook
Nation, Asa		SangamonCook
Needel, Ruth		Sangamon
Noel, Olive	Lostant'	LaSalle
Nordt, August	Addieville	Washington
Normandin, John	Aurora	Kane Will
O'Connell, John O'Day, Andrew	Chicago	Cook
Oldham, Fernando	Springerton	Hamilton
Olliaber, Munson	Chicago	Cook
O'Neil, Harry O'Neill, Royce	LaHarpe	Hancock
Opremchak Iulia	Virden	Macoupin
Pagea Paymer	Dunning	Cook
Peterson, Golda	Fordville	Cook
Peterson, Herbert Petrie, Arthur	Franklin Grove	Lee
Petrie. Clara	East Peoria	Tazewell
Piper, Ralph	Peoria	
Pulley, Bertha	Marion	
Quinn, James M Ramsay, Robert.	Pullman	do
Reavill, Lilian	Flat Rock	Crawford
Parmalda Graca	Springfield	Sangamon
Reynolds, High Richey, Glen	Almstead.	Pulaski
Distract Voya	Hacksonville	Morgan
Diday Doub	Shawheetown	Tranann
Died Kinley	Marissa	St. Clair
Roark, Pearl Robinson, Dora	Decatur	MISCOLL
Padanhara Lauis	Fr. Cage	Randordi
Dodimor Anno	Tacksonville	MOISAU.
D	B OHALITY	Saune
Runyon, William	Centralia	Marion
D D Um a	Relieview	Campani
Description Classic	Walveriv	WIUI 2 (III
Cana Carolina	OVERVIOLED CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	DUUEIGS
Schechter, Sarah. Schmidt, Charles	ROCK ISLAND	INDUK ISIGIIU
Calculate Engl	F 13111	Name
	Decatur	Macon
Shaw, Byron	Monmouth	Knox
Skinner, Leonora	Rock Island	Rock Island

List of Pupils—Concluded.

Name.	Residence.	County.
Skinnion, Willie	DeKalb	DeKalb
Smelka, Mary		Macou
Smith, Alexander	Chicago	
Smith, Elsworth	Evanston	do
Smith, Harry		do
Smith, Irma		do
Smith, James A		Clay.
Smith, Jason		JoDaviess
Snearley, Allie	Jacksonville	Morgan
Stafford, Bessie		Christian
Stamp, Charles		
Stift, Bertha		Cook
Stift, George		do
Sullivan, Frank	Metropolis	Massac
Sutton, Stella		McLean
Szelejewski, John.		Cook
Tarnowiski, Allen		
Taylor, Rith	Chicago	Cook
Temperley, John	Scales Mound	JoDaviess
Thomason, Elmer	Wayne City	Wayne
Thompson, Frank	Waverly	Morgan
Thompson, Hazel		
Trainor, Georgia		
Triby, J.C		
Tucker, Frances		
Tyrell, Mary A		
Umble, Jake		
Vana, James		
Varley, Maud		
Vawter, Gertrude		Knox
Voelker, Ida		
Volkmar, Edward	Chicago.	do
Wagner, J. A.		
Waldron, Freeman		
Wax. Forest E		
Wemberg, Rebecca	Jacksonville	
Wessels, Hannah		Whiteside
Whiffen, John		
Wiggs, Grace		
Wiley, Carl		
Wilkins, Sara Jane		
Wilson, Adelaide		
Wilson, Floyd		
Wilson, Henry		
Wilson, Jessië Wirtz, Augusta	LaHarpe	Hancock
Woods, Sadie		
Workman, Wm. H		
Wright, Harold		Fulton
Wriston, Viola B	New Bedford	
Yontes, Wilfred	Taylorville	Christian
Zimmerman, Mar.e		
	1	

VALUATION OF PROPERTIES.

The following is the appraised value of land, buildings, equipment and furnishings of the Illinois School for the Blind on July 1, 1908:

	or one Billia on wary 1,	1000	•
Broom Spop—			
Brooms, machinery, tools, etc	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$ 450	
Bedding, furniture, fire extinguishers, hose, etc School Building—		365	00
Furniture and school material, etc		400	00
Printing Shop—		100	00
Plates, music, machinery and supplies		6,620	10
Gymnasium—			
Apparatus, fixtures, furniture, etc	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	803	65
Beds, beddidg, furniture, etc		398	50
Sloyd Department—		050	90
Tools, benches, sundries, etc		246	37
Laundry—			
Machinery, furniture, etc	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,636	67
Flower House— Flowers, stands, and tools		99	60
Girls cottage—	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	22	00
School supplies, beds and bedding, fire apparatus	s, furniture, etc	1.099	82
Utensils and fixtures in domestic science room		51	00
Hospital—		000	
Medicine, instruments, furniture, bedding, etc Barns—		822	85
Horses, cows, wagons, buggies, harness, hay, gra	ain and supplies	2,867	40
Platform scales.	am, and supplies	250	
Shop and Boiler House—		200	00
Tools and supplies		1,062	67
Main Building—	1		
Furniture, beds, bedding, carpets, rugs, matting, office fixtures, adding machine, etc	crockery, planos, typewriters,	13,047	41
Pipe organ.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3,000	
Books, furniture, fixtures, etc in library		5,562	
Pipe organ. Books, furniture, fixtures, etc in library Baking utensils in bakery	,		65
Superment's Knichen-		100	20
Cooking utensils, stoves, etc		127	60
Officers' Dining Room— Dishes, etc		194	08
General Dining Room—	** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	101	03
Dishes, table linen, knives forks, spoons	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	102	50
General Kitchen—			
Cooking utensils, ranges, etc		501	50
Yard— Swings, benches, plants, vases, etc		50	75
Superintendent's Dining Room—	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	017	10
Dishes, furniture, silver, etc		484	30
Matron's Store Room—			
Linen, bed clothes, laces, childrens clothing, ski		004	10
muslin, calico, laces, etc	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	901	18
Books, Furniture, Etc.— State library		1,500	00
Real Estate—	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,000	00
School grounds, 17 acres		25,000	00
Pasture, 25 acres		2,500	
Boys cottage		15,000	
ShopSchool building		12,000 12,000	
Gymnasium building		15,000	
Barns, sheds		12,000	
Boiler house		18,000	00
Laundry		6,000	
Hospital		5,000 30,000	
Girls cottage		130,000	
main building			
Total		\$325, 410	30
77			

TREASURER'S REPORT.

Chas. S. Black, Treasurer, in account with the Illinois School for the Blind, for the year ending June 30, 1907.

		ORDINARY FUND.		
1906		Dr,		
July	1	To balance on hand amount from State Treasurer repair and improvement library printing material heating system	\$17,579 01 54,000 00 3,500 03 367 02 419 43 343 29 969 21	
June	30	deaf blindsundry deposits by J. H. Freeman, superintendent balance(overdraft), library, deaf blind and R. & I	5,740 84 561 97	
1906		Cr.		
June	30	By balance (overdraft)superintendent's checks paidbalance		\$ 622 77 62,201 19 20,656 84
1907			\$83,480 80	\$83,480 80
July	1	To balance	*20,656 81	

TREASURER'S REPORT.

Chas. S. Black, Treasurer, in account with the Illinois School for the Blind, for the year ending June 30, 1908.

		ORDINARY FUND.		
1907		D1.	•	
July	1	To balance on hand. amount from State Treasurer repair and improvement printing material library State library deaf blind power plant hard wood floor	\$20,656 81 47,000 00 3,483 34 388 14 423 85 1,216 72 100 00 12,187 98	
June 1908	30		.4,720 86 262 89	
1908	9.0	Cr.		APR 480 09
June	30	By superintendent's checks paidbalance		\$76, 163 93 14,541 40
1908			\$90,705 33	\$90, 705 33
July	1	To balance	\$14.541 40	

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Of the receipts and expenditures of the Illinois School for the Blind for the fiscal year from July 1, 1906, to June 30, 1907.

		ORDINARY FUNDS.		
		Dr.		
1906 July	1	To balance	\$17,518 21	
шу	1	appropriation for quarter ending Sept. 30	13,500 00	
October 1907	1	appropriation for quarter ending Dec. 31	13,500 00	
anuary	1	appropriation for quarter ending Mar. 31	13,500 00	
April	1	appropriation for quarter ending June 30	13,500 00 5,598 98	
une	30	appropriation for special funds	2,633 35	
		fees, tuition	250 00	
		sale of farm producesale of merchandise from store-room	690 59 171 53	
		broom shop	1,011 12	
		printing shopwork room	583 09 131 80	
		board of special teacher	163 33	
		all other sources	106 03	
1007		Cr.		
1907 June	30	By indebtedness incurred on account of—		
		outstanding checks		\$ 91 9
		salaries and wages		30,6168 $9,2719$
		household supplies, furniture, etc		3,143 1
		clothingshop and laundry supplies.		$1,694 \ 1$ $843 \ 2$
		fuel, light and water		5,910 2
		hospital and medical suppliesfreight and transportation.		622 6 844 2
		building, repairs, etc		5,433 2
		machinery, tools, etc		641 2 1,857 8
		farm, garden, stock, etcexpenses of trustees, officials, etc		323 1
		office expenses		809 4 386 9
		library and amusementsmiscellaneous.		765 5
		By balance		20,472 0
1005			\$82,858 03	\$82,858 0
1907 July	1	To balance in hands of treasurer	\$20,656 84	
		Less checks outstanding	184 83	
		Net balance as above	\$20, 472 01	

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Of the receipts and expenditures of the Illinois School for the Blind for the fiscal year, from July 1, 1907, to June 30, 1908.

		ORDINARY FUND.		
		Dr.		
July October	1	To balance	\$20,656 84 11,750 00 11,750 00	
1908 January April	1	appropriation for quarter ending Mar. 31appropriation for quarter ending June 30appropriation for special funds	11,750 00 11,750 00 18,064 74	
June	30	collections fees, tuition sale of farm produce merchandise from store room,	1,948 18 100 00 923 22 126 84	
		broom shop printing shop. work room. all other sources.	654 99 756 88 156 60 317 04	
1908		Cr.		
June	30	By indebtedness incurred on account of— outstauding checks salaries and wages food supplies. household supplies, furniture, etc. clothing shop and laundry supplies fuel, light and water hospital and medical supplies.		\$ 184 83 33,399 00 10,156 04 3,312 90 872 19 1,369 40 5,076 83
		freight and transportation building repairs, etc machinery, tools, etc farm, garden, stock, etc expenses of trustees, officials, etc. office expenses library and amusements miscellaneous		686 0 5,918 2 210 5 1,765 3 214 4 625 0 1,550 8 10,233 7
		By balance	\$90,705 33	\$90,705 3
1908 July	1	To balance in hands of treasurer Less checks outstanding	\$15,541 40 68 25	200,100
		Net balance as above	\$14,473 15	

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES

At the Illinois School for the Blind, on Account of all Funds, Showing the Names of Firms and Individuals, the Total Cost of Supplies Purchased, or Service Rendered, During the Two Years Ending June 30, 1908.

Name of Firm or Individual.	Classification of articles purchased or service rendered.	Year ending June 30, 1907.	Year ending June 30, 1908.
Anderson R P & Cons	Lumber éte	\$323 90	\$536 28
Anderson, B. P. & Sons	Manahandian	59 40	\$950 20
Alexander Mercantile Co		19 00	
Adams Express Co Allcott, Lee P	Drugg ota	29 90	7 00
Armstrong & Armstrong	do do	51 54	131 10
Armour Packing Co	Provisions	353 84	529 30
Andre & Andre	Puge ote	6 35	32 40
Andre & Andre	Rlackemithing	52 00	42 23
Alex. H. Irvin Co	Printing material	6 00	4 00
Automatic Heating Co	Heating	495 00	
American Printing House for the Blind	Rooks	1 100 00	891 7
Atkinson, Thomas L			6 70
Abbott Alkolidal Co.			9 7
Brady Bros. Hardware Co	Hardware paint etc	79.50	343 10
Besely, Chas. H. & Co	Brace	12 00	8 1
Bambrook, A. W	Iron fixtures tools etc	33 97	13 4
Bavington, E. E	Renairing closes	91 05	86 8
Barr & Huffman	Oysters fish etc	291 80	197 7
Babb, C. D.		56 21	54 3
Bassett		12 50	11 90
Babb Bros		37 55	12 09
Brown Chas W	Plans and specifications	51 20	33 60
Brown, Chas. W Becker, A. W	Carriage repairs	50 18	00 00
Biggs, Irving	Painting	204 02	
Berry, Chas		79 30	130 3
Bonansinga, Peter		164 41	184 68
Brown Piano Co	Repairing organ and instru-	-0	201 0
	ments	563 70	42 63
Butler, J. W. Paper Co	Paper	407 90	244 23
Brennan, J. F	Tin roofing, etc	189 97	
Brown, Mrs. J. W Belmont, John W	Fruit	6 00	
Belmont, John W	Transportation for pupils	37 65	15 3
Brandon, Mrs. Ida	Transportation tor pupil	10 80	
Bourn. Wm	Hay and oats		
Bloomington Pickle Co	Vinegar	14 21	
Black, Ed. F	Book		
Broughton, Mrs. E. E.	Transportation for pupil	6 80	
Board of Education, Chicago	Printed matter	5 94	4 03
Black, Mrs. Ida M	Fruit	22 25	
Barrett Bindery Co	Supplies	22 28	23 0-
Benedict & BurnhamBarnard, H. H	Repairs	3 7 40	
Barnard, H. H. Bangert, Wm Birdsell, T. R.	do.	3 90	
Dangert, win	Vocatables		7 00 6 00
Blackburn, F. J	Horse		175 00
Biggs, J. A.			14 15
D. J. H. O	Old gas stove		7 55
Riishy H (Mars as store in the store	20.89	1 00
Busby, H.C	IVI OSS		
Busby, H. C Burkhard, F. Mfg. Co	Labor		7.50
Baldwin, Arthur	Labor		7 50 5 00
Baldwin, Arthur Black, Dr. C. E	Professional services		2 00
Baldwin, Arthur	Labor		7 50 5 00 24 55 38 32

Boston, W. E Brooks, W. J Brown, Ed			June 30, 1908.
Brown, Ed	Hay and oats		\$ 75 75
Drown, Ed	Painting.		61 00
Rayter Dr Goo F	Horseradish		7 00
Baxter, Dr. Geo. E. Boland, John E. & Co.	Clothing		250 00 28 00
beckman Co	Blankets		12 88
Bradner Smith & Co	Paper		10 11
Baldwin Nursery. Claus, J. F. Tea Co	Shrubs	0 10 00	6 50
Charles. Thomas & Co	Kindergarten supplies	\$ 16 00 4 56	53 50 6 65
Camion, F. L	Meat		4 20
Carry, H. L	H wine, futts, etc.	19 43	46 75.
Clow, J. B. & Sons. Cruse, James	Harness repairing and cumuling	131 15 51 65	24 40
Central Union Telephone Co	Line rental and tolls	68 65	103 00
Chicago & Alton Rv. Co	Freight and transportation	419 99	365 42
Chicago. Peoria & St. Louis Ry. Co	do	31 77	36 26
Central Planing Mill Co	Freight and transportation	17 25 87 01	26 77 62 49
Chapman, Chas. A	Expenses, consulting engineer	87 08	02.45
Carpenter, Geo. B	Twine	66 82	88 90
Cohen, Jacob Cunningham, Miss M. E	Magazine subscriptions	7 25	
Cudahy Packing Co	Soap	12 00	
Chicago Rat Trap Co	Rat traps	6.75	
Coover & Shreve	Drugs	4 40	9 70
Carriel, Fred C	Stock	75 00	
Cully, H. S	Produce		14 55
Cole, James E	Expenses, architect		55 95
Crandall Packing Co	Boiler fixtures		36 82
Clark, Geo. H. Co	Groceries .		6 50 42 05
Campbell, Chas. F. F	Book		5 00
Central Electric Co	Electrical supplies		
Cox, J			111 40 20 72
Catlin, Lucy	Massage instructions		50 00
Carter, Austin	Hav		4 60
Detroit Copper & Brass Rolling Mills. Doying's, Geo. E. Sons	Printing and subscriptions		79 73 27 45
Douglass, Geo. F	Groceries	12 00	20 25
Douglass, Geo. F. Dowart Market. Durund & Kasper Co	Meat	222 89	256 47
Durund & Kasper Co	Groceries	99 90	362 03
Devine, P. H Dailey, J. F Dodge, F	do	119 00	
Dodge, F	Repairing clothing	2 00	
Democrat Printing Co	DOOKS		16 85
De Goveia, Joseph	house		4,283 00
Diamond Power Specialty Co	Pump		200 00
De Castro, H., Co	Boiler fittings		15 80
Dick, A. B., Co	Book Supplies		30 00 6 50
Davis, Roberta	Transportation		2 00
Dye. Beni	Hay	109 10	
Eknie, W. S., & Bro			13 00
Evans, W. H	.do		7 50 16 25
Erie City Iron Works	Boilers		7,258 26
Eagle Lye Works	Soap		15 00
Earl BrosFranklin MacVeagh & Co	do	212 67	29 75
Freeman, J. H	Transportation and expenses.	220 23	113 91
Fitzsimmons & Kreider Mill Co	Flour, feed, etc		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Ft. Wayne Electric Works Finn, Dr. W. L	Professional services	1 95 2 50	
Fox, N. F	Apples	6 80	
Fling, W. W	Repairing windows	56 00	
Fairbanks, Morse & Co	Soap		
Flynn, LarryFrank, Emma	Nurse		
Frank . I	Dry goods		24 00
Fernandes, Mary PFilson, E. H	Fruit		20 75 117 25

NAME OF FIRM OR INDIVIDUAL.	Classification of articles purchased or service rendered.	Year ending June 30, 1907.	Year ending June 30, 1908.
Fortney, V. R	Credit on account		9 60
Gav. Geo. S	Hardware	25 91	194 69
Gibbs & Hammel	Flour and feed	55 60 437 47	58 10 774 21
Gibson, R. Y	Produce	18 70	
Gantz, Rev. Albert Dale	Books	15 00	7 50
Germo Mfg. Co		21 00	
Gause, Bernard	Rook Supplies	25 Un 2 50	
Goeckle, Jos. Griswold, Evelyn	Hemp, cord and weaving frame	2 00	12 37
Grant, Lutina	Rent		20 00
Guthrie, Kermeth	Labor		22 05 7 01
Goodyear Rubber Co. Hall, John W., & Sons.	Carriage and wagon repairs	39 50	63 25
Harrison & Seifried	Braille machines, slates, etc		80 00
Hatch's Drug Store	Drugs	9 23	6 25
Hammond, C. A	Trustee, expenses	26 70	40 14 2 40
Hammond, C. A. Haxby, Homer. Hale, U. G.	Coal	3.023 86	4,297 60
Hayward Bros. & Wakeneld Co	Reed & Cane	25 95	24 25
Henderson & De Pew	Printing	38 92	
Herman, J	Millinery	11 01	37 25
Hatch Music Store	Pickles, etc		56 85
Heink, Joseph	Flowers, seed, etc.	92 90	
Henneghan, James	Flour and feed	540 00	710 69
Hinners, Chas	Gym shoes and rubbers		61 10
Hoffman Bros	Dry goods, etc	112 46	
Hoblit, W. A	Musical instruments and re-		
Howard, C. L	pairs	26 00	
Hutchinson, D. J., & Co	Marchandice	19 80	
Herman, Cornelius	Shoats	05 11	\$ 10 20
Hildreth, M. L	Magnolia	\$ 10 00	
Herring, Dr. W. H	Dentistry	3 00	
House, Albert			
Hairgrove, Dr. J. W	Professional services	12 00	
Hairgrove, Dr. J. W	Labor	2 50	
Hurley, Geo	Hay		$\begin{array}{r} 34 & 04 \\ 162 & 92 \end{array}$
Hoyt, W. M., Company Hastings, Mary	Transportation		4 00
Health-Merry-Go-Round Co	Merry-go-round		22 75
Holton, Frank & Co	Music		2 00
Hamersly, L. R., Co	Books		10 00 151 46
Hamilton, Dr. B. F.	Book		6 50
Hoffman, Harry	Seeds		2 75
Hornbeck, O. L	Photos		6 30
Hartford Steam Boiler Insp. & Insurance	Insurance	108 00	
Haberkorn, Prof. F	Instruments		17 15
Illinois Telephone Company	Line rental and tolls	32 98	36 20
Illinois State Reformatory	Shoes clothing furniture	199 59 603 31	189 80 335 74
Illinois State Journal	Subscription	5 00	5 09
Illinois School for the Deaf	Fruit	12 91	
Illinois Conservatory of Music	Instruments	43 12	***********
Illinois State Register		5 00 15 75	5 00 11 00
Illinois School for the Blind	Board of special teacher	163 33	
Illinois Steel Bridge Co	Building material	7 10	63 39
Illinois Weather Strip Co	Weather strips		57 75 17 35
Ide, A. L. & Sons.			5 88
Jacksonville, City of	Water	624 31	621 59
Jacksonville Gas, Light & Coke Co	Light and coke, etc	695 60	744 21
Jacksonville Packing Co	Printing and subscription	3,291 70 28 90	2, 894 76 30 50
Janusen, Valentine	Vegetables and fruit	50 00	25 53
Jenkinson, W. A. & Co	Groceries	1,686 33	1,812 83
Jepson, Ed		154 01 65 32	201 72
Johnson, Hackett & Guthrie			

NAME OF FIRM OR INDIVIDUAL.	Classification of articles purchased or service rendered.	Year ending June 30, 1907.	Year ending June 30, 1908.
Johnson, Geo. T., Co	Paper	\$ 83 50	\$ 70 5
Johnson, H. J	Oats	48 88	
Johnson, J. Bart Jordan, Horace C	Musical instruments, etc		50 0
Jones, Geo. W.	Expenses and payroll		12 6 184 9
Kaule, L. G	Labor		8 2
Kellogg Bros	Iron and tools	102 40	325 5
Knowlenberg & Dresser Knechler, W. C	Drugs etc	3 40 184 30	252 6
Kespohl, Mohrenstecker	Table linen, etc	135 44	
Kinsey & Maliler Co	Iron pipe and fixtures, etc	60 25	426 8
Kubicek, Anton, Mrs Killian, Jos. & Son	Rlackemith	6 00 9 50	
Kemp, A. A	Vegetables		31 6
Killough, Chas. H	Instrument case & instruments	64 80	
Lambert, E. C Linen Thread Co	Loom and throad	43 26	43 5
Lacross Lumber Co	Lumber	2 33	
Lashmet & Breckon	Meal	7 50	
Lane, Jess	Vagetables	17 40	
Lederbaum, W. F. Ledferd, Frank L	Stationery supplies	19 10	23 8
Lyke, Mrs. Emma	Transportation	5 40	
Landers, Keefe & Co	Plumbing and supplies	402 02	670 9
Lord, Geo. W. & Co Lagervall, Carl	Transportation	4 39	
Liunngren, Eugenine	Music	5 00	
Landreth, R. J. & Co	Contract on sewer and etc	122 00	
Lane, B. FLauterer, Fred	Costumes	4.50	
Lang, C. II. & Co	Piano fixtures	3 96	
Lang. C. II. & Co Large, Harry Leggett, J. W	Painting		201 3
Leggett, J. W Long, W. F.	Hav		89 2 14 2
Lyon & Healy	Music		7 3
Marshall, Bield & Co	Merchandise	863 95	440 7
Magill, Len Moore, Geo. W	Trustee expenses	12 00	
Moore Produce Co	Produce	467 07	269 4
Moore Rug Co	Rug weaving	10 15	5 4 157 1
Martin & Roach	Papering	14 56	157
Marshall Jackson Co	Draft register	4 25	
Moore, Mrs. N. E	Rug weaving	3 65	
Marsh, H. J Miller, E. B. & Co		120 90	31 (
Morrow, Mrs. Sara	. Transportation	3 79	
Maddoc, Mrs. S. F	do	2 40	14
Myers Bros Morrisey, W. M	Sewer tax		14
Murray, Emily	Entertainment and reading	5 00	
Medart, Fred	Gym apparatus and fixtures	19 35 2 25	11 (
Magill, C. B	Weaving rug		2 :
Mindonse. Martin	Melons		14 (
Mead. C. D	Fruit		2 (24 (
Manville, H. W. Johns, Co	Hav		17
Moon, Robt. C Milwaukee Weekly Review	Book	5 00	
Milwaukee Weekly Review	. Magazine	15.00	2
Munsell Publishing Co Manual Arts Press	(10		1
Moore, Dora B	Nurse	100.00	136
McClurg, A. C. & Co	Contractor	100 68	• 170
McComb. M. M	Shoats	105 60	10
Moore, Dora B McClurg, A. C. & Co McCullough, W. C. McComb, M. M McCullough Bros. McGlaughlin, L. E. McNeil, N. M	Photos	4 20	
McGlaughlin, L. E	Pransportation	2 00	56T
McNeil, N. M	Straw		18
McFadden E. A	Book		2
McFarland, Mrs L	Nurse	9 00	
National Refining Co Nunes, Wm Norbury, Dr. F. P	Farm produce	173 31	147
	The state of the s	15 00	

NAME OF FIRM OR INDIVIDUAL.	Classification of articles purchased or service rendered.	Year ending June 30,1907.	Year ending June 30, 1908.
Obermeyer, J. A	Drugs, etc	64 65	212 65
Obermeyer, J. A Olds, N. B O'Hair, F. F. & Co	Concert tickets	17 00	
O'Nellos, Moses,	Soap polish		11 70 1 80
Ogle, Dora	Nurse		80 00
Oprenchak, Vernie Mrs	Transportation	2 67	
Pantagraph Printing & Stationery Co		26 00	
Phelps & Osborn Phillips Broom Corn Co		74 10 663 45	359 24 473 80
Penfield, L. R.	Pay roll-miscellaneous	559 20	409 46
Perkins Inst. & Mass. School for the			
Blind	Books	9 75	10 60
Powell, Dr. C. B. Parker, M. V.	Dentistry	6 00	3 50
Powell, H. G	Transportation	5 35	
Pahlman, Geo	Pay roll—inmates	19 54	
Public School Publishing Co	Book	1 25	
Pike, E. W. Perkins, R	Farm produce	7 01	
Peters Ethel A	Typewriting		3 00
Phalen, W	Shoats		39 00
Puhl Webb Co	Rubber	68 44	38 48 15 68
Read, Frank			
Rayhill, J. H. & Co	China ware	55 24	97 51
Ransdell, W. L	Stationery, etc	6 48	13 50
Reeve, John J., P. M	Groceries	245 45 119 78	216 24 89 0 6
Ryman, Bertha	Expenses	20 55	
Ryan, Martin	Painting	223 10	188 60
Robinson, W. D. & Sons	Masonry work,	302 39	
Rohen, Margaret	Produce	17 00	13 75
Reynolds, John G	Undertaker.	100 00	
Roberts, Joseph A	Carpenter		12 60
Remington Typewriter Co	Supplies and repairs	• • • • • • • • • • • •	8 70 2 05
Reemsey, L. M. Mfg. Co	Reads and wire	212 46	37 25
Standard Oil Co			19 06
Snerly & Taylor.		41 28	69 80
Smith, C. H. & Co Smith, H. L. & B. W.	Musical supplies	61 33 335 50	494 30
Swift & Company	Meat and produce	283 54	939 16
Sieber, G. A Skinner, Geo. V	Electrical supplies	25 08.	27 65
Skinner, Geo. V	Blacksmith	20 00 229 30	18 50 183 52
Snyder Ice & Fuel Co. Scott, Dr. Chas. E	Veterinary	32 50	21 10
Southern Illinois Penitentiary	Clothing	672 15	291 35
Spot Cash Market	Groceries and meat	92 61	
Sherwin Williams Co			
Stillman, D. F.,	Postage stamps	9 90	
Singer Se wing Machine Co. Schmuhl, Fred. Smelka, Mary	Machine and supplies	34 00	39 20
Schmull, Fred	I abor and transportation	6 95 5 49	
Smith, J. Z.	Vegetables and fruit	16 12	10 00
Smith, J. Z. Sears Roebuck.	Wheelbarrows and scroll saw	10 48	10 51
Shelby Electric Light Co	Supplies	43 20	
Souza, J. R	Machine	49 32 185 00	
State of South Dakota	Printed matter		11 42
Smith, Frank	Produce		6 50
Smith, P	Supplies		4 80 44 10
Smith, L. Elois	Magazine subscriptions		77 75
Switzer, L. L.	Shoats		38 60
Spool Cotton Company	Thread	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	8 42
Spool Cotton Company. Schermerhorn Bros Standish, Fannie	Nurse	•••••	27 05 27 43
Summy, Clayton F	Music.		17 69
Springfield News	Subscription		1 20
Sutliff & Case	Alcohol		5 69
	r tano parts		20 50
Spalding, A. G. & Sons.	Track suits		6 50

		1	
NAME OF FIRM OR INDIVIDUAL.	Classification of articles purchased or service rendered.	Year ending June 30, 1907.	Year ending June 39, 1908.
		ļ	
Starr, J. M	Milk		\$ 12 80
Schnetker, Lena	Nurse		35 71
Schnetker, Lena. Smith, J. A.	Transportation		1 00
Scott, Sollin	Lard		93 "0
Turley, D			**** *******
TICKHOL, L. F.,,,,,,,,,	Renif	10 77	153 65
Truax Green & Co. Tendick, Wm. Thorne Oather	Hospital supplies	171 33	
Tendick, Wm	Building material	50 63	
Thorne Oather	Apples	4 34	
Thorne Oather. Taylor, John Thompson, William T Thayer, E. Jennie	Farm produce	6 64	
Thayer, E. Jennie.	Nurse		8 50
Thompson, J. M. Co	Groceries	**********	125 71 81 25
Tweedy, Hood & Tinlen. Union Wire Mattress Co. Virginia Capping Co.	Rubber.		7 44
Union Wire Mattress Co	Springs		19 00
Virginia Canning Co Vasconcellos, A. P	Corn	8 50	
Vasconcellos, A. P	Groceries	195 62	281 01
Vought, L. O Van Dewalker	Alfalia	292 80	
Vaughan Seed Store	Seed and raffia	19 00	3 00
Vanhyning, A.	Cow	12 00	16 03 65 00
Vickery & Merrigan	Confectionery	13 95	7 25
Wabash Ry, Co	Freight and transportation	97 84	291 10
Ward Bros	Binding books	12 95	
Waddell, Frank J	Dry goods		98 35
Western Union Telegraph Co White, J. H.	Produce	17 25	11 34
Wilson, T. D.	()il and gasoline	72 09 51 67	187 13 30 50
Williamson, J. B	Groceries	99 14	174 49
Weigand Market	Meat	72 70	15 16
Widmayer Market Woellner, Mrs	do ob	41 91	44 91
Woellner, Mrs	Yegetables and fruit	15 55	68 87
Woodman, U. G	Bakery goods	38 57	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Wylder, F. L. Williams & Fanning.	Contractors	575 14	171 20
Williams, B. E	Hav		171 30
Weischel Mrs. E.	Transportation		
Weischel, Mrs. E. Watson, Walter J.	Photos		
Walke, Geo	Repairing machine		
Wallin, C. R	Book	3 50	
Ward, Chas. H. Wentler & Co.		2 00	
Wentler & Co. Woolston, Robt	Hypenses	4 20	27.09
Woodrome, Mrs. Susan	Transportation		27 08 2 10
Whitehall Sewer Pipe & Stone Wall Co.	Clay		2 00
Xavier Free Pub. Society for the Blind.	Freight on books		4 96
York, Harry	Cow		50 00
Yordling, Fred	Vegetables	7 00	
Zell, John H			3 80
Zimmerman, W. Carbys	Expenses	14 12	

CONSOLIDATED PAY ROLL

Of the Illinois School for the Blind showing the salaries and wages of each officer and employe on account of all funds for the two years ending June 30, 1908.

, NAME.	Position.	OF	TERM SERV.	ICE.	Year ending June 30, 1907.	Year ending June 30, 1908.
J. II. Freeman	Superintendent	14			\$2,100 00	\$ 350 00
Mary A. Freeman	MatronSuperintendent	14			600 00	100 00
C. M. Jones	Matron	5				250 00
L. R. Penfield	ClerkBookkeeper	$\frac{24}{24}$			1,050 00	1,050 00 1,050 00
Chas. S. Black	Treasurer	24			300 00	300 00
A. L. Adams	OculistPhysician	24 24			300 00 300 00	300 00 400 00
Frank M. Church	Musical director	12			1,200 00	
H. H. Hewitt Louise B. Inglis	Principal	12 24			800 00	1,300 00 1,200 00
W. A. Hoblit	Orchestra director	9			599 94	1, 200 00
J. Howard Brown	. do	3 5			200 06	333 30
Louise F. Short	Vocal teacher	24			700 00	700 00
Robt. W. Woolston E. H. Filson	Teacher, high school	$\frac{24}{24}$			750 00 600 00	900 00 750 00
H. G. Powell	Physical director	12			650 00	
L. E. McGlaughlin	Literary teacher	10 12			430 00	708 33
R. V. Cordell	do	12				497 50
Bertha F. Gordan	Sloyd teacher	3 8	25		175 76	366 64
Anna Lagergren	do	4				180 00
	Literary teacherdo	24 24			425 00 425 00	450 00 450 00
Roberta Davis	do	24			425 00	450 00
Mary Reed	doSub.literary teacher	20 3	16 15	• • • • •	650 00	479 00 196 00
Emma Raynor	Kindergarten teacher	8			376 66	
Elizabeth Hale	do ,	12 12			400 00	600 00
Laura E. Jackson	. do	12				400 00
Geo. Gerlach	Piano teacher	24 24			550 00 300 00	575 00 325 00
Susan A. Draper	do	24 24			700 00	700 00
Hugh A. Reynolds Josephine Harmon	Piano tuning teacher	29			425 00 287 34	450 00 366 00
Louise Harrington	do	22 24			167 73 360 00	280 00 360 00
Chas. W. Jordan	Watchman	22			300 00	250 00
Kathie Halpin	Supervisor	19 19			310 40 291 00	327 73 293 67
	do	10	19		53 33	361 65
	A coictant enpervisor	5 24	21		228 39 120 00	120 00
Ella Craddock	Assistant supervisor	24			300 00	310 00
Jean Kenyon	Cook	24 . 21			252 00 220 00	252 00 140 00
Lutitia Grant	Housekeeper	24			251 00	252 00
Anna M. Snyder	Seamstress	21 19	$\frac{15}{25}$		198 00 151 04	223 00 245 83
Trainine E. Sillian	Odilet	10	20		101 011	210 00

Consolidated Pay Roll—Concluded.

NAME.	Position.		TERM SERV		Year ending	Year ending	
		Mos.	Days	Hrs.	June 30, 1907.	June 30, 1908.	
Margaret Miller	Maid	23	21		\$188 97	\$169 00	
Bertha Wiemer	do .	19 18	25 20		140 17 124 17	143 50 145 12	
Edna Smith	do	19	25		140 00	140 67	
mattle McEntee	do do	17	21		135 30	132 91	
Laura Strait	ldo	6 8	21 24		114 40		
Margaret McGinnis	doob.	15	8		108 74	94 50	
Nellie Ishmel	do	7	24 11		109 20 5 10		
Lillie McGlasson	Assistant supervisor	24			168 00	170 00	
Mollie Casey	Maid Maid and housekeeper	9	26		135 00	100.00	
Mary Kemper	Maid	18 19	27		138 00 138 60	160 00 140 00	
Clara McEntee	do	19	20		160 50	140 50	
Margaret Lynch	. do Printer	4 24	21		67 20 550 00	575 00	
Anne Jackson	Music reader and librarian			1,201	355 80	364 80	
F. A. Kaule Jas. W. Brown	Engineer Electrician	24 24			945 00 720 00	945 00 720 00	
J. W. Peaker	Assistant electrician	24			475 00	555 00	
F. S. Baldwin	Firemando	24 8			566 00	592 00	
Archie Moran	do	4	23 13		154 17	305 42	
Mrs. Moran	Laundress	8	16		187 73	1/4" 00	
	Laborerdo	24 23			420 00 490 00	465 00 457 00	
Wm. Ludwig	do	24			300 00	307 50	
E. Morken	do	6 19	16 15		144 00	163 75 238 50	
	Laundress and Cook	21	27		166 20	223 00	
Annette Saye		4	22			55 53	
Maggie Becker	doLaundress	2	7 1981 ₄		89 50	32 05 108 75	
Anna Watson	Maid		20		8 67		
Mrs. McFarland Bertha Ryman	Housekeeper	18	20 15		76 29 240 50	325 00	
Anna Lamming	Maid	6	14			88 88	
Alta Anderson	Foreman broom shop	21	22		250 00	110 78 275 00	
	Baker	-3			308 00	210 00	
Carl Layman	Assistant baker	6	20		78 67	100.17	
Henry Farwell	Assistant baker	9	25 25		24 00	400 17 130 40	
Jet Kenyon	Housekeeper	20	15		179 80	193 36	
Mollie Flynn	Maid	17	26	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	12 65 110 00	123 90	
Iva Duty	do	4 *	9		56 20		
	dodo	10 11	12 22		64 00 28 00	140 21 138 12	
	dodo	3	7		±0 00	45 19	
Grace Brown	do	10	2			150 81 138 50	
Hatty McCurry	do Laundress	8	15 21			109 42	
Lffie Sherwin	Maid	5	24			80 81	
	do	2 2	17			35 93 28 00	
Bertha Schuetze	do	1	21			23 45	
Annie Schuetze	Laundress Maid	1 1	28		13 00	30 45	
Helen R. Jordan	Teacher of deaf and blind	12			600 00		
I. Biggs	Painting			583 1,176			
M. Kyan E. Jepsen	do			440			
F. L. Wylder	do			276	96 CO		
H. Large	do			552 160	193 Z0 56 Q0		
E. H. Filson	Work in library			469		117 25	
	Nurse		131/2			27 43	
Fannie Standish	do		40			80 00	

STATEMENT OF COUNTY AND INDIVIDUAL ACCOUNTS

At the Illinois School for the Blind, for the year ending June 30, 1907.

		COUNTY ACCOUNTS.		
1000		Dr.		
July 1906	1	To balances in county ledger	\$2,768 66	
June 1907	30	clothing, incidentals, etc., charged to counties	2, 301 47	
1005		Cr.		
June 1907	30 30	By amount paid by counties		\$2,462 40 2,607 73
1007			\$5,070 13	\$5.070 13
July 1907	1	To balances in county ledger	\$2,607 73	
		INDIVIDUAL ACCOUNTS.		
1000		Dr.		
July 1906	1	To balances individual ledger	\$201 84	
June 1907	30	clothing, incidentals, etc., charged to individuals	205 84	
1007		Cr.		
June 1907	30	By amount paid by individualsbalances in individual ledger		\$170 95 239 73
4005			\$410 68	\$410 68
July 1907	1	To balances in individual ledger	\$239 73	

STATEMENT OF COUNTY AND INDIVIDUAL ACCOUNTS

At the Illinois School for the Blind, for the year ending June 30, 1908.

		COUNTY ACCOUNTS.		
		Dr.		
1907		Dr.		
July 1908	1	To balances in county ledger	\$2,607 73	
June	30	clothing, incidentals, etc., charged to counties	1,732 82	
1908		Cr.		
June	30 30	By amount paid by counties		\$1,787 66 2,552 89
			\$4,340 55	\$4.340 55
July 1908	1	To balances in county ledger	\$2,552 89	
		INDIVIDUAL ACCOUNTS.		
		Dr.		
July 1907	1	To balances in individual ledger	\$239 73	
June 1908	30	clothing, incidentals, etc., charged to individuals	263 25	
		Cr.		
June 1908	30	By amount paid by individuals		\$160 52 342 46
			\$502.98	\$502 98
July 1908	1	To balances in individual ledger	\$342 46	

STOREKEEPER'S REPORT

At the Illinois School for the Blind for the Year Ending June 30, 1907.

	Dr.	
July 1906	1 To balance of supplies on hand (inventory) \$ 559 80	
	supplies received during quarter ending Sept. 30, 1906 (purchased)	
	supplies received during quarter ending Dec. 31 1906 (purchased)	
	supplies received during quarter ending March 31, 1907 (purchased)	
	supplies received during quarter ending June 30, 1907 (purchased)	
	Cr.	
1907 June	30 By supplies, etc., issued to departments, on requisitions, as follows:— general kitchen officers' kitchen household clothing bakery shop hospital office farm boiler house laundry By balance of supplies on hand (inventory)	\$5,416 89 1,737 36 688 69 822 36 1,704 23 2 76 16 30 3 76 1 16 13 46 78 17
1907 July	1 To balance on hand\$ 560 48	

STOREKEEPER'S REPORT

At the Illinois School for the Blind for the Year Ending June 30, 1908.

July 1907	Dr. 1 To balance of supplies on hand (inventory)supplies received during quarter ending Sept. 30, 190	\$ 560 48	
	(purchased)	1 455 96	
	1907 (purchased)supplies received during quarter ending Dec. 3.	3, 992 31	
	1908 (purchased)	3.066 97	
	supplies received during quarter ending June 30 1908 (purchased)	2,572 38	
1908	Cr.		
June 1905	By supplies, etc., issued to departments, on requis tions, as follows:— general kitchen officers' kitchen household clothing bakery hospital boiler house laundry. By balance of supplies on hand (inventory).		\$6,330 87 1,842 27 608 75 593 00 1,608 35 89 74 14 09 96 53 464 50
1908		\$11.648 10	\$11,648 10
July	1 To balance on hand	\$ 464 50	

LEDGER BALANCES

Of the Illinois School for the Blind at the close of businesss June 30, 1908.

NAMES OF ACCOUNTS.	Debit.	Credit.
State of Illinois (capital stock) Real estate Institution treasurer, cash on hand Storekeeper, supplies on hand Individual ledger, balance due institution for clothing, etc. County ledger, balance due institution for clothing, etc. Checks on treasurer, outstanding Live stock and implements Furniture and fixtures Officers' department Officers' kitchen. General kitchen Household department School Boiler house Laundry Bakery Main building Hospital Boy's and girl's cottages Sewing room Work room Office Shop Farm Printing, Appropriation for repairs and improvements in State treasury printing. isolation hospital. hardwood floors	\$312, 621 13 14, 541 40 1, 157 66 342 46 2, 552 89 38, 514 93 19, 384 41 1, 842 27 6, 330 87 3, 223 25 856 13 7, 891 30 1, 250 32 2, 114 92 4, 803 02 1, 797 93 342 30 472 91 511 64 4, 606 75 583 93 25 12 12 86 202 41 6, 000 00 135 29	\$438,660 32 68 88 187 02 156 60
power plant	2,812 02 783 28 	\$139,072 82

